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DECLARATIONS BY THE UNITED STATES AND GREAT BRITAIN EXEMPTING
COMMERCIAL TRAVELERS' SAMPLES FROM CUSTOMS INSPECTION.¹

Signed at Washington, December 3 and 8, 1910; effective, January 1, 1911.

Declaration.

In order to facilitate the clearance through the Customs Department of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland of samples brought into the territory of that country by commercial travellers of the United States of America, such samples being for use as models or patterns for the purpose of obtaining orders and not for sale, the undersigned Alfred Mitchell Innes, His Britannic Majesty's Charge d'Affaires at Washington, duly authorized thereto, and in virtue of a similar Declaration made by Philander C. Knox, Secretary of State of the United States, does hereby declare that, from and after the first day of January, 1911, and until the expiration of one month after the day on which either the United Kingdom or the United States shall give notice of the withdrawal of said Declaration, the officially attested list of such samples, containing a full description thereof issued at the time of exportation by the British consular authorities established in the United States, shall be accepted by the customs officials of the United Kingdom as establishing their character as samples and exempting them from inspection on importation except in so far as may be necessary in order to comply with the law of the United Kingdom.

A. MITCHELL INNES,

His Britannic Majesty's Charge d'Affaires.

WASHINGTON, *December 3rd, 1910.*

Declaration.

In order to facilitate the clearance through the Customs Department of the United States of America of samples brought into the territory of that country by commercial travelers of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, such samples being for use as models or patterns for the purpose of obtaining orders and not for sale, the undersigned Philander C. Knox, Secretary of State of the United States, duly authorized thereto, and in virtue of a similar Declaration made by Alfred Mitchell Innes, His Britannic Majesty's Chargé d'Affaires at

¹ U. S. Treaty Series, No. 552.

Washington, does hereby declare that, from and after January 1, 1911, and until the expiration of one month after the day on which either the United States or the United Kingdom shall give notice of the withdrawal of said Declaration, the officially attested list of such samples containing a full description thereof, issued at the time of exportation by the American consular authorities established in the United Kingdom, shall be accepted by the customs officials of the United States as establishing their character as samples and exempting them from inspection on importation except in so far as may be necessary in order to comply with the law of the United States.

P. C. KNOX,

Secretary of State of the United States.

WASHINGTON, *December 8, 1910.*

CONSULAR CONVENTION BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND SWEDEN.¹

Signed at Washington, June 1, 1910; ratifications exchanged, March 18, 1911; proclaimed March 20, 1911.

The President of the United States of America and His Majesty the King of Sweden, being mutually desirous of defining the rights, privileges, and immunities of consular officers of the two countries, and deeming it expedient to conclude a consular convention for that purpose, have accordingly named as their plenipotentiaries:

The President of the United States of America, Philander C. Knox, Secretary of State of the United States of America; and

His Majesty the King of Sweden, Herman Ludvig Fabian de Lagercrantz, his Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary at Washington;

Who, after having communicated to each other their respective full powers, found to be in good and proper form, have agreed upon the following articles:

ARTICLE I.

Each of the high contracting parties agrees to receive from the other consuls-general, consuls, vice-consuls-general, vice-consuls, deputy consuls-general, deputy consuls, and consular agents in all its ports, cities, and places, except those where it may not be convenient to recognize such

¹ U. S. Treaty Series, No. 557.